

# **Nanuk New World Fund**

ARSN 618 696 843

## **Annual report**

**For the year ended 30 June 2020**

# Nanuk New World Fund

ARSN 618 696 843

## Annual report

### For the year ended 30 June 2020

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This annual report covers Nanuk New World Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of Nanuk New World Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975).

The Responsible Entity's registered office is:

Level 1, 575 Bourke Street

Melbourne, VIC 3000.

## Directors' report

The directors of Equity Trustees Limited the Responsible Entity of Nanuk New World Fund (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2020.

### Principal activities

The Fund invests mainly in a diversified portfolio of listed global equities potentially benefitting from the broad themes of resource scarcity and environmental sustainability in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

The various service providers for the Fund are detailed below:

Service	Provider
Responsible Entity	*Equity Trustees Limited
Investment Manager	Nanuk Asset Management Pty Limited
Custodian and Administrator	RBC Investor Services Trust
Statutory Auditor	Ernst & Young

\*Equity Trustees Limited was appointed Responsible Entity on 18 December 2019 following the retirement of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd who acted as Responsible Entity from 1 July 2019 to 17 December 2019.

### Directors

The following persons held office as directors of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd from 1 July 2019 to 17 December 2019:

Philip D Gentry	(Chairman)
Harvey H Kalman	(resigned 1 September 2020)
Travis R Goudie	

The following persons held office as directors of Equity Trustees Limited from 18 December 2019 and up to this report:

Philip D Gentry	(Chairman)
Harvey H Kalman	(resigned 1 September 2020)
Ian C Westley	(resigned 3 July 2020)
Micheal J O'Brien	
Russell W Beasley	(appointed 1 September 2020)

### Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest its funds in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund's performance for the year ended 30 June 2020 was 2.6%. The Fund's benchmark, FTSE Environmental Opportunities All Share Total Return Index returned 9.2% for the same period.

## **Directors' report (continued)**

### **Review and results of operations (continued)**

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	<b>Year ended</b>	
	<b>30 June 2020</b>	<b>30 June 2019</b>
Operating profit/(loss) for the year (\$'000)	<b>2,358</b>	17,220
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	<b>13,774</b>	906
Distributions (cents per unit)	<b>7.99</b>	0.80

### **Significant changes in the state of affairs**

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

### **Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year**

Ian C Westley resigned as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 3 July 2020.

Harvey H Kalman resigned as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 1 September 2020.

Russell W Beasley was appointed as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 1 September 2020.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2020 that has significantly affected, or may have a significant effect on:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years; or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

### **Likely developments and expected results of operations**

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

## Directors' report (continued)

### Likely developments and expected results of operations (continued)

#### COVID-19 Outbreak:

In March 2020, the World Health Organisation (WHO) officially declared COVID-19 a pandemic.

The Directors and the Investment Manager acknowledge the current outbreak of COVID-19 and the increased market volatility it has created within the markets the Fund operates. This volatility has had a corresponding impact on the fair value of the Fund's investment portfolio both during the financial year as well as subsequent to the reporting date.

The Responsible Entity and Investment Manager are monitoring developments closely, noting that given the nature of the outbreak and the ongoing developments, there is a high degree of uncertainty and therefore it is not possible at this time to predict the extent and nature of the overall future impact on the Fund. The Investment Manager however, actively manages the financial risks that the Fund is exposed to, with the approach outlined further within Note 3 of these Financial Statements and the Net Asset Values of the Fund continue to be valued in accordance with the frequency set out in the Fund's Offer Documents, applying valuation policies reflective of the prevailing market conditions.

#### Indemnification and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to the officers of Equity Trustees Limited. So long as the officers of and Equity Trustees Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

#### Indemnification of auditor

The Responsible Entity has not, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Fund against a liability incurred as auditor.

#### Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

#### Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

#### Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

## Directors' report (continued)

### Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, unless otherwise indicated.

### Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.



Philip D Gentry  
Chairman

Melbourne  
23 September 2020



**Building a better  
working world**

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## **Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Equity Trustees Limited as Responsible Entity for Nanuk New World Fund**

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Nanuk New World Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2020, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Ernst & Young

Ernst & Young

Rohit Khanna  
Partner  
Sydney  
23 September 2020

**Nanuk New World Fund**  
**Statement of comprehensive income**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2020**

**Statement of comprehensive income**

		Year ended	
		30 June	30 June
		2020	2019
Note		\$'000	\$'000
<b>Investment income</b>			
	Interest income from financial asset at amortised cost	49	56
	Dividend and distribution income	4,111	2,678
	Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	1,503	16,398
6	Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)	(55)	6
	Other income	-	32
	<b>Total investment income/(loss)</b>	<b>5,608</b>	<b>19,170</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
	Interest expense from financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	-	7
17	Management fees	2,308	1,119
17	Responsible Entity fees	91	56
	Transaction costs	116	73
	Custody and administration fees	251	286
9	Other expenses	484	409
	<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>3,250</b>	<b>1,950</b>
	<b>Operating profit/(loss) for the year</b>	<b>2,358</b>	<b>17,220</b>
	Other comprehensive income	-	-
	<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>2,358</b>	<b>17,220</b>

*The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*



**Nanuk New World Fund**  
**Statement of financial position**  
**As at 30 June 2020**

**Statement of financial position**

		As at	
		30 June 2020	30 June 2019
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	12	16,636	6,644
Receivables	14	621	428
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		2,026	1,077
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7	<u>244,793</u>	<u>163,411</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u>264,076</u>	<u>171,560</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Distributions payable	11	13,774	906
Payables	15	464	293
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased		-	996
<b>Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unit holders)</b>		<u>14,238</u>	<u>2,195</u>
<b>Net assets attributable to unit holders - equity</b>		<u>249,838</u>	<u>169,365</u>

*The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**Nanuk New World Fund**  
**Statement of changes in equity**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2020**

**Statement of changes in equity**

	Note	Year ended	
		30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>Total equity at the beginning of the financial year</b>		<u>169,365</u>	<u>85,382</u>
<b>Comprehensive income for the financial year</b>			
Profit/(loss) for the year		2,358	17,220
Other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		<b>2,358</b>	17,220
<b>Transactions with unit holders</b>			
Applications	10	110,761	77,208
Redemptions	10	(19,004)	(10,123)
Reinvestment of distributions	10	132	584
Distributions paid and payable	10	<u>(13,774)</u>	<u>(906)</u>
<b>Total transactions with unit holders</b>		<b>78,115</b>	66,763
<b>Total equity at the end of the financial year</b>	10	<u><b>249,838</b></u>	<u>169,365</u>

*The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**Nanuk New World Fund**  
**Statement of cash flows**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2020**

**Statement of cash flows**

		<b>Year ended</b>	
		<b>30 June</b>	30 June
		<b>2020</b>	2019
	Note	<b>\$'000</b>	\$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		<b>190,564</b>	102,786
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		<b>(272,388)</b>	(164,817)
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		<b>(81)</b>	28
Dividends and distributions received		<b>3,838</b>	2,662
Interest income received from financial asset at amortised cost		<b>49</b>	60
Interest expense from financial asset at fair value through profit or loss		<b>-</b>	(7)
Management fees paid		<b>(2,221)</b>	(1,065)
Responsible Entity fees paid		<b>(91)</b>	(56)
Custody and administration fees paid		<b>(260)</b>	(192)
Transaction costs paid		<b>(116)</b>	(73)
Other expenses paid		<b>(554)</b>	(506)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	13(a)	<b><u>(81,260)</u></b>	<u>(61,180)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from applications by unit holders		<b>110,911</b>	77,316
Payments for redemptions by unit holders		<b>(18,911)</b>	(10,158)
Distributions paid to unit holders		<b>(774)</b>	(2,957)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities</b>		<b><u>91,226</u></b>	<u>64,201</u>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>9,966</b>	3,021
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		<b>6,644</b>	3,645
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		<b>26</b>	(22)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	12	<b><u>16,636</u></b>	<u>6,644</u>
Non-cash operating and financing activities	13(b)	<b><u>132</u></b>	<u>584</u>

*The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

## Notes to the financial statements

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## **1 General information**

These financial statements cover Nanuk New World Fund (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme which was constituted on 2 September 2015 and will terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution or by Law.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975) (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 1, 575 Bourke Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency unless otherwise noted.

The Fund invests mainly in a diversified portfolio of listed global equities potentially benefitting from the broad themes of resource scarcity and environmental sustainability in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date the Directors' declaration was signed. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

### **(a) Basis of preparation**

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities and net assets attributable to unit holders.

The Fund manages financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unit holders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unit holder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

#### *(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)*

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

#### *(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund*

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2019 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **(a) Basis of preparation (continued)**

#### *(iii) New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet adopted*

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2020 and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements.

None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

### **(b) Financial instruments**

#### *(i) Classification*

- Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost

The Fund classifies its financial assets based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Investment Manager to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

For equity securities and derivatives, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For cash and cash equivalents, due from brokers and receivables, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flow. The contractual terms of these assets give rise, on specified dates, to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

- Financial liabilities

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (due to brokers, distributions payable, administration fees payable, management fees payable and redemption payable).

#### *(ii) Recognition and derecognition*

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### *(iii) Measurement*

- Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset and financial liability at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **(b) Financial instruments (continued)**

#### *(iii) Measurement (continued)*

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined please see Note 5 to the financial statements.

- Financial instruments at amortised cost

For financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost, they are initially measured at fair value including directly attributable costs and are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for expected credit losses.

#### *(iv) Impairment*

At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on financial assets at amortised cost (cash, due from broker and receivables) at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counter party, probability that the counter party will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that the asset is credit impaired. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the net carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The expected credit loss (ECL) approach is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

#### *(v) Offsetting financial instruments*

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets and liabilities that have been offset are disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

### **(c) Net assets attributable to unit holders**

Units are redeemable at the unit holder's option; however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unit holders.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unit holders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **(c) Net assets attributable to unit holders (continued)**

The Fund's units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Fund, and is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

### **(d) Cash and cash equivalents**

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as trading of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

### **(e) Investment income**

#### *(i) Interest income*

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating the interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

#### *(ii) Dividends and distributions*

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax in the statement of comprehensive income.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlement basis.

### **(f) Expenses**

All expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.



## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **(g) Income tax**

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income to its unit holders.

### **(h) Distributions**

The Fund may distribute its distributable income, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, to unit holders by cash or reinvestment.

### **(i) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders**

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. As the Fund's units are classified as equity, movements in net assets attributable to unit holders are recognised in the statement of changes in equity.

### **(j) Foreign currency translation**

#### *(i) Functional and presentation currency*

Balances included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

#### *(ii) Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of unrealised gains or losses on financial instruments that are measured at fair value through profit or loss and which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

### **(k) Due from/to brokers**

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by year end. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

### **(l) Receivables**

Receivables may include amounts for interest, dividends, and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Where applicable, interest is accrued on a daily basis. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

### **(m) Payables**

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owed by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

A separate distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unit holders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested effective 1 July of the following financial year.

## **2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **(n) Applications and redemptions**

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

### **(o) Goods and services tax (GST)**

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as management, administration and custodian services where applicable, have been passed on to the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 86.90%. Hence, fees for these services and any other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Amounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

### **(p) Use of estimates and judgements**

The Fund makes estimates, assumptions and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current and next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Investment Manager.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations, require management to make estimates and judgements. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

The Fund estimates the expected credit loss (ECL) using impaired model, which has not materially impacted the Fund. Please see Note 3 (c) for more information on credit risk.

For more information on how fair value is calculated refer to Note 5 to the financial statements.

### **(q) Rounding of amounts**

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated.

### **(r) Comparative revisions**

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

### **3 Financial risk management**

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk (which incorporates price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and the investment guidelines of the Fund. It also seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance. The Fund's policy allows it to use derivative financial instruments in managing its financial risks.

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum loss of capital on long equity and debt securities is limited to the fair value of those positions. The maximum loss of capital on long futures and forward currency contracts is limited to the notional contract values of those positions. On equities sold short, the maximum loss of capital can be unlimited.

The investments of the Fund, and associated risks, are managed by a specialist Investment Manager, Nanuk Asset Management Pty Limited under an Investment Management Agreement (IMA) approved by the Responsible Entity, and containing the investment strategy and guidelines of the Fund, consistent with those stated in the Product Disclosure Statement.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below.

#### **(a) Market risk**

##### *(i) Price risk*

The Fund is exposed to price risk on equity securities listed or quoted on recognised securities exchanges. Price risk arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates which are considered a component of price risk. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the global economy and on the future economic performance of companies is unknown, could be materially negative and could materially impact markets and the prices of equity securities owned by the Fund.

Note 3(a)(ii) below sets out how this component of price risk is managed and measured. Investments are classified on the statement of financial position as at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

The price risk disclosures have been prepared on the basis of the Fund's direct investment and not on a look through basis for investments held indirectly.

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's assets and liabilities to price risk. The analysis is based on the assumption that the investment portfolio in which the Fund invests moves by +/- 10% (2019: +/- 10%) in Australian dollars.

##### *(ii) Foreign exchange risk*

The Fund operates internationally and holds both monetary and non-monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk and not foreign exchange risk. However, the Investment Manager monitors the exposure of all foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

The Fund's foreign currency exposures are hedged in Australian dollars. The Fund invests in overseas markets and has exposure to movements in the currencies concerned. Currency movements against the Australian dollar may adversely affect the domestic value of the Fund's investments and the income from those investments.

The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets is a component of price risk. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

The table below summarises the fair value of Fund's financial assets and liabilities, monetary and non-monetary, which are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>	<b>US Dollars A\$'000</b>	<b>Swiss Franc A\$'000</b>	<b>Euro A\$'000</b>	<b>Other currencies A\$'000</b>	<b>Total A\$'000</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	3,801	-	-	22	3,823
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	122,962	7,964	61,874	51,993	244,793
Receivables	63	65	133	216	477
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	726	315	633	352	2,026
<b>Net exposure</b>	<b>127,552</b>	<b>8,344</b>	<b>62,640</b>	<b>52,583</b>	<b>251,119</b>
Net exposure from forward currency contracts	22	-	-	(22)	-
<b>Net exposure including forward currency contracts</b>	<b>127,574</b>	<b>8,344</b>	<b>62,640</b>	<b>52,561</b>	<b>251,119</b>
As at 30 June 2019					
Cash and cash equivalents	4,597	-	-	46	4,643
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	81,181	3,769	38,713	39,747	163,410
Receivables	18	42	73	34	167
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	(593)	-	(261)	(142)	(996)
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	1,077	-	-	-	1,077
<b>Net exposure</b>	<b>86,280</b>	<b>3,811</b>	<b>38,525</b>	<b>39,685</b>	<b>168,301</b>
Net exposure from forward currency contracts	(355)	-	261	95	1
<b>Net exposure including forward currency contracts</b>	<b>85,925</b>	<b>3,811</b>	<b>38,786</b>	<b>39,780</b>	<b>168,302</b>

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's monetary assets and liabilities to foreign exchange risk. The analysis is based on the assumption that the Australian dollar weakened/strengthened by 10% (2019: +/-10%) against the material foreign currencies to which the Fund is exposed.

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

##### (iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk management is undertaken by maintaining as close to a fully invested position as possible thus limiting the exposure of the Fund to interest rate risk.

The Fund's interest bearing financial assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

The table below summarised the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks at the end of the reporting period.

	Floating interest rate	Non-interest bearing	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>			
<b>Financial assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	16,636	-	16,636
Receivables	-	621	621
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	2,026	2,026
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	244,793	244,793
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<u>16,636</u>	<u>247,440</u>	<u>264,076</u>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
Distributions payable	-	13,774	13,774
Payables	-	464	464
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,238</u>	<u>14,238</u>
<b>Net exposure</b>	<u>16,636</u>	<u>233,202</u>	<u>249,838</u>
<b>As at 30 June 2019</b>			
<b>Financial assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	6,644	-	6,644
Receivables	-	428	428
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	1,077	1,077
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	163,411	163,411
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<u>6,644</u>	<u>164,916</u>	<u>171,560</u>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
Distributions payable	-	906	906
Payables	-	293	293
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	-	996	996
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,195</u>	<u>2,195</u>
<b>Net exposure</b>	<u>6,644</u>	<u>162,721</u>	<u>169,365</u>

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of interest rates on the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders through changes in fair value of changes in future cash flows. The analysis is based on the assumption that the interest rates changed by +/-1% (2019: +/-1%) from the year end rates with other variables held constant.

#### (b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders to market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in foreign exchange rates, historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market movements resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variances in the risk variables.

	Impact on operating profit/net assets attributable to unit holders					
	Foreign exchange risk					
	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%
	USD	USD	CHF	CHF	EUR	EUR
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>	(461)	461	(38)	38	(77)	77
As at 30 June 2019	(474)	474	(4)	4	(7)	7

The Fund's three largest exposure to foreign currency risks were to USD, EUR and CHF as at 30 June 2020.

	Price risk		Interest rate risk	
	-10%	+10%	-1%	+1%
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>	(24,470)	24,470	(166)	166
As at 30 June 2019	(16,341)	16,341	(66)	66

#### (c) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay its obligations in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund.

The Fund does not have a significant concentration of credit risk that arises from an exposure to a single counterparty or group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from cash and cash equivalents and amounts due from brokers balances. None of these assets are impaired nor past their due date. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and amounts due from brokers. It is not expected that the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic will materially change the Fund's credit risk exposure to counterparties.

The Fund is also exposed to counterparty credit risk on derivative financial instruments, cash and cash equivalents, amounts due to from brokers and other receivables.

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all counterparties have a rating of AA- or higher as determined by Standard & Poor's (S&P) (2019: AA-).

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

Exposure to liquidity risk for the Fund may arise from the requirement to meet daily unit holder redemption requests or to fund foreign exchange related cash flow requirements.

Liquidity risk is managed by investing the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of.

Should the COVID-19 pandemic have a materially negative effect on global equity markets, the liquidity of investments held by the Fund may decrease and the liquidity risk of the Fund may increase.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders. The Fund did not reject or withhold any redemptions during 2020 and 2019.

#### (i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holder's option. However, the Responsible Entity does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table below will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

	<b>Less than 1 month \$'000</b>	<b>1-6 months \$'000</b>	<b>6-12 months \$'000</b>	<b>Over 12 months \$'000</b>	<b>Total \$'000</b>
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>					
Distributions payable	13,774	-	-	-	13,774
Payables	464	-	-	-	464
<b>Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)</b>	<b>14,238</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>14,238</b>
<b>As at 30 June 2019</b>					
Distributions payable	906	-	-	-	906
Payables	293	-	-	-	293
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	996	-	-	-	996
<b>Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)</b>	<b>2,195</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,195</b>

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (d) Liquidity risk (continued)

##### (ii) Maturities of gross settled derivative financial instruments

The table below analyses the Fund's gross settled derivative financial instruments based on their contractual maturity. The Fund may, at its discretion, settle financial instruments prior to their original contractual settlement date, in accordance with its investment strategy, where permitted by the terms and conditions of the relevant instruments.

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>					
Forward currency contracts					
(Inflows)	(22)	-	-	-	(22)
Outflows	22	-	-	-	22
<b>Total gross settled derivatives</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>As at 30 June 2019</b>					
Forward currency contracts					
(Inflows)	(449)	-	-	-	(449)
Outflows	450	-	-	-	450
<b>Total gross settled derivatives</b>	1	-	-	-	1

### 4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The gross and net positions of financial assets and liabilities that have been offset in the statement of financial position are disclosed in the first three columns of the tables below:

The Fund does not have any financial assets and liabilities to offset as at 30 June 2020.



#### 4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

	Effects of offsetting on the statement of financial position			Related amounts not offset	
	Gross amounts of financial instruments	Gross amounts set off in the statement of financial position	Net amount of financial assets/liabilities presented in the statement of financial position	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements	Net amounts
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 30 June 2019					
Financial assets					
Derivative financial instruments	1	-	1	-	1
Total	1	-	1	-	1

#### Master netting arrangement - not currently enforceable

Agreements with derivative counterparties are based on the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) Master Agreement. Under the terms of these arrangements, only when certain credit events occur (such as default), the net position owing/receivable to a single counterparty in the same currency will be taken as owing and all the relevant arrangements terminated. As the Fund does not presently have a legally enforceable right of set-off, these amounts have not been offset in the statement of financial position, but have been presented separately in the above table.

#### 5 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (see Note 7)
- Derivative financial instruments (see Note 8)

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2(b) to the financial statements. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

## **5 Fair value measurement (continued)**

### **(a) Fair value in an active market (level 1)**

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as listed equity securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price; the quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current asking price. When the Fund holds derivatives with offsetting market risks, it uses mid-market prices as a basis for establishing fair values for the offsetting risk positions and applies this bid or asking price to the net open position, as appropriate.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

### **(b) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2)**

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of a forward contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions. The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

## 5 Fair value measurement (continued)

### (c) Recognised fair value measurements

The tables below present the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

As at 30 June 2020	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Listed equities	244,700	93	-	244,793
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<u>244,700</u>	<u>93</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>244,793</u>

As at 30 June 2019

<b>Financial assets</b>				
Forward currency contracts	-	1	-	1
Listed equities	163,410	-	-	163,410
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<u>163,410</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>163,411</u>

The level 2 financial asset pertains to the "rights issue" that have been converted to listed equities after year end.

### (d) Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period.

### (e) Financial instruments not carried at fair value

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalent, receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values based on their short term nature and the high credit quality of the counterparties.

Net assets attributable to unit holders' carrying value differ from its fair value (deemed to be redemption price for individual units) due to differences in valuation inputs. This difference is not material in the current or prior year.

## 6 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Net realised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	13,610	(1,656)
Net unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<u>(12,107)</u>	<u>18,054</u>
<b>Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<u>1,503</u>	<u>16,398</u>

## 7 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Forward currency contracts	-	1
Listed equities*	<u>244,793</u>	<u>163,410</u>
<b>Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<u>244,793</u>	<u>163,411</u>

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

\* These includes "rights issue" which converted to listed equities after year end.

## 8 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values, foreign exchange risk or to reduce volatility;
- a substitution for trading of physical securities; and

## 8 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

The Fund holds the following derivatives:

### (a) Forward currency contracts

Forward currency contracts are primarily used by the Fund to economically hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-Australian dollar denominated trading securities. The Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Forward currency contracts are valued at the prevailing bid price at the end of each reporting period.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments measured at fair value at year end are detailed below:

The Fund does not have any open contracts as at 30 June 2020.

	Contractual/ notional \$'000	Fair values	
		Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000
As at 30 June 2019			
Forward currency contracts	450	1	-
Total derivatives	<u>450</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>

Information about the Fund's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange, interest rate risk and about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair values is provided in Note 3 and Note 5 to the financial statements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of derivative financial instrument disclosed above.

## 9 Other expenses

	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
Remuneration of auditors	29	22
Professional fees	9	18
Other expenses	<u>446</u>	<u>369</u>
<b>Total other expenses</b>	<u><b>484</b></u>	<u><b>409</b></u>

## 10 Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity

The Fund shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unit holders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2020 Units '000	30 June 2019 Units '000	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Opening balance	113,545	63,727	169,365	85,382
Applications	71,082	56,942	110,761	77,208
Redemptions	(12,407)	(7,558)	(19,004)	(10,123)
Reinvestment of distributions	89	434	132	584
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	(13,774)	(906)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	2,358	17,220
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>172,309</b>	<b>113,545</b>	<b>249,838</b>	<b>169,365</b>

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund.

There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as with all other units of the Fund.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such the amount expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

### Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unit holders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders.

## 11 Distributions to unit holders

The distributions declared during the year were as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2020 CPU	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 CPU
<b>Distributions</b>				
June (payable)	13,774	7.99	906	0.80
<b>Total distribution</b>	<b>13,774</b>	<b>7.99</b>	<b>906</b>	<b>0.80</b>

## 12 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Cash at bank	16,636	6,644
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<u>16,636</u>	<u>6,644</u>

## 13 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>		
Profit/(loss) for the year	2,358	17,220
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(1,503)	(16,398)
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	190,564	102,786
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(272,388)	(164,817)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(26)	22
Net change in receivables	(343)	(141)
Net change in payables	78	148
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	<u>(81,260)</u>	<u>(61,180)</u>

### (b) Non-cash operating and financing activities

The following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan

	132	584
<b>Total non-cash operating and financing activities</b>	<u>132</u>	<u>584</u>

## 14 Receivables

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Dividends receivable	317	44
Applications receivable	46	196
GST RITC receivable	103	68
Tax reclaims receivable	155	120
<b>Total receivables</b>	<u>621</u>	<u>428</u>

## 15 Payables

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Management fees payable	199	111
Administration fees payable	112	122
Redemption payable	153	60
<b>Total payables</b>	<b>464</b>	<b>293</b>

## 16 Remuneration of auditor

During the year, the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$	30 June 2019 \$
<b>Ernst &amp; Young</b>		
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>		
Audit and review of financial statements	18,131	11,275
Audit of compliance plan	1,986	1,774
Total remuneration of audit and other assurance services	<u>20,117</u>	<u>13,049</u>
<i>Taxation services</i>		
Taxation compliance services	8,773	8,601
Total remuneration for taxation services	<u>8,773</u>	<u>8,601</u>
<b>Total remuneration of Ernst &amp; Young</b>	<b><u>28,890</u></b>	<b><u>21,650</u></b>

The auditor's remuneration is borne by the Fund. Fees are stated exclusive of GST.

## 17 Related party transactions

The Responsible Entity of Nanuk New World Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975). Accordingly, transactions with entities related to Equity Trustees Limited are disclosed below.

The Responsible Entity has contracted services to Nanuk Asset Management Pty Limited, to act as Investment Manager for the Fund, RBC Investor Services Trust to act as Custodian and Administrator for the Fund. The contracts are on normal commercial terms and conditions.



## **17 Related party transactions (continued)**

### **(a) Key management personnel**

#### *(i) Directors*

The following key management personnel includes persons who were directors of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd from 1 July 2019 to 17 December 2019:

Philip D Gentry	(Chairman)
Harvey H Kalman	(resigned 1 September 2020)
Travis R Goudie	

The following key management personnel includes persons who were directors of Equity Trustees Limited from 18 December 2019 and up to the date of this report:

Philip D Gentry	(Chairman)
Harvey H Kalman	(resigned 1 September 2020)
Ian C Westley	(resigned 3 July 2020)
Michael J O'Brien	
Russell W Beasley	(appointed 1 September 2020)

#### *(ii) Other key management personnel*

There were no other key management personnel with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

### **(b) Transactions with key management personnel**

There were no transactions with key management personnel during the reporting period.

### **(c) Key management personnel unit holdings**

Key management personnels held nil units in the Fund as at 30 June 2020 (30 June 2019: 3,354,707 units).

### **(d) Key management personnel compensation**

Key management personnel are paid by EQT Services Pty Ltd. Payments made from the Fund to Equity Trustees Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

### **(e) Key management personnel loans**

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

### **(f) Other transactions within the Fund**

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving management personnel's interests existing at year end.

### **(g) Responsible Entity fees, and Investment Manager's fees and other transactions**

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution and the Product Disclosure Statement for the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager are entitled to receive management fees.

The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Fund, and the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

## 17 Related party transactions (continued)

### (g) Responsible Entity fees, and Investment Manager's fees and other transactions (continued)

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
	\$	\$
Management fees for the year	2,308,432	1,119,038
Responsible Entity fees for the year	91,295	55,785
Management fees payable at year end	199,069	111,482

For information on how management and administration fees are calculated please refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

For the year ended 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019, management fees and all other Fund related expense invoices are paid directly by the Fund.

### (h) Related party unit holdings

Parties related to the Fund (including Equity Trustees Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by Equity Trustees Limited and the Investment Manager) held no units in the Fund as at 30 June 2020 (30 June 2019: nil).

### (i) Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Equity Trustees Limited or its related parties during the year (2019: nil).

## 18 Events occurring after the reporting period

No other significant events have occurred since the end of the year which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

## 19 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There were no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

## Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) The financial statements and notes set out on pages 7 to 33 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
  - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.



Philip D Gentry  
Chairman

Melbourne  
23 September 2020

## Independent Auditor's Report to the unitholders of Nanuk New World Fund

### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Nanuk New World Fund (the "Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including the Independence Standards)* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001*, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial report that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



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We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

*Ernst & Young*

Ernst & Young

*Rohit Khanna*

Rohit Khanna  
Partner  
Sydney  
23 September 2020