GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund ARSN 154 923 494 Annual report For the year ended 30 June 2023

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This annual report covers GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975).

The Responsible Entity's registered office is:

Level 1, 575 Bourke Street Melbourne, VIC 3000.

Directors' report

The directors of Equity Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity of GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Fund is to generate returns by investing a majority of its assets into the GAM FCM Cat Bond Inc. (the "Master Fund"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), managed by Fermat Capital Management LLC. The Master Fund's investment objective is to generate returns from exposure to a portfolio of Insurance Linked Securities ("ILS"). The Master Fund achieves this through investing its assets in an investment company incorporated in the BVI, GAM FCM Cat Bond Investments Inc (the "Investment Company"). The Investment Company directly invests in and holds a portfolio of global ILS, predominantly catastrophe bonds.

On 30 December 2022, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager of the Fund informed the unit holders of its intentions to change its existing structure to a feeder fund structure, feeding into the GAM FCM Cat Bond Inc, a British Virgin Island domiciled fund (the "Master Fund"), managed by Fermat Capital Management LLC. On 31 January 2023, the Fund's Investments were transferred via an in specie transfer, to the Investment Company, in exchange for units in the Master Fund.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no other significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

The various service providers for the Fund are detailed below:

Service	Provider
Responsible Entity	Equity Trustees Limited
Investment Manager	Fermat Capital Management LLC
Distributor	GAM International Management Limited
Custodian	State Street Australia Limited
Statutory Auditor	Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
Administrator and Registrar	State Street Australia Limited
Specialist Currency Manager	State Street Australia Limited

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Equity Trustees Limited during or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Philip D Gentry	Chairman
Michael J O'Brien	
Russell W Beasley	
Mary A O'Connor	
David B Warren	(appointed 6 March 2023)

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest its funds in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

Directors' report (continued)

Review and results of operations (continued)

The Fund's performance for the year ended 30 June 2023 was as follows:

Class	Performance (net of fees)
FCMLS	0.63%
FCMILS-A	0.43%
FCMILS-IA	0.42%
FCMILS-INZ	1.27%
FCMILS-U	1.46%
FCMILS-V	1.03%
FCMILS-W LEAD	0.41%

The Fund's benchmark, the BBG AustBond Bank Bill/Eurekahedge ILS Advisers Spliced returned 6.06% for the same period.

Fund's performance is calculated based on the percentage change in the redemption price in the Fund over the period (with any distributions paid during the period reinvested). Returns are disclosed after fees and expenses but before taxes for year ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2023.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Year ended	
	30 June 2023*	30 June 2022
Profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unit holders for the year (\$'000)	8,841	10,916
Distributions - FCMILS		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000) Distributions (cents per unit)	3 0.04	-
Distributions - FCMILS-W LEAD		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)** Distributions (cents per unit)	- 0.02	-
Distributions - FCMILS-V		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000) Distributions (cents per unit)	23 0.08	-
Distributions - FCMILS-U		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000) Distributions (cents per unit)	18 0.02	-
Distributions - FCMILS-INZ		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000) Distributions (cents per unit)	39 0.13	-

* There were no distributions declared for class FCMILS-A and class FCMILS-IA for the year ended 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022.

** For 30 June 2023, distribution amount is \$352 and rounds to zero to the nearest thousand dollars.

Directors' report (continued)

Significant changes in the state of affairs

David B Warren was appointed as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 6 March 2023.

On 30 December 2022, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager of the Fund informed the unit holders of its intentions to change its existing structure to a feeder fund structure, feeding into the GAM FCM Cat Bond Inc, a British Virgin Island domiciled fund (the "Master Fund"), managed by Fermat Capital Management LLC. On 31 January 2023, the Fund's Investments were transferred via an in specie transfer, to the Investment Company, in exchange for units in the Master Fund.

In the opinion of the directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2023 that has significantly affected, or may have a significant effect on:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years; or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnification and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to the officers of Equity Trustees Limited. So long as the officers of Equity Trustees Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

Indemnification of auditor

The auditor of the Fund is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Directors' report (continued)

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, unless otherwise indicated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by the Equity Trustees Limited's Board.

Philip D[®]Gentry

Chairman

Melbourne 24 October 2023

Deloitte.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ABN 74 490 121 060

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24 October 2023

The Board of Directors Equity Trustees Limited Level 1, 575 Bourke Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Dear Board Members,

Independence Declaration – GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund

In accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the Directors of Equity Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity, regarding the financial report of GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund (the "Fund").

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial statements of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2023, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours faithfully

Deloite Tache Tamater

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU

Jon Corbett Partner Chartered Accountants

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation. Member of Deloitte Asia Pacific Limited and the Deloitte organisation.

Statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended	
		30 June 2023	30 June 2022
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Investment income			
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		7,809	11,368
Distribution income		3,895	-
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		1,348	1,013
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(1,984)	1,006
Other income		37	
Total investment income/(loss)		11,105	13,387
Expenses			
Management fees and costs		2,249	2,254
Withholding taxes		2,245	2,204
Transaction costs		- 15	16
Other expenses		15	200
Total expenses		2,264	2,471
		2,204	2,471
Profit/(loss) before finance costs attributable to unit holders for the year		8,841	10,916
Finance costs attributable to unit holders			
Distributions to unit holders	10	(83)	-
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders	9	(8,758)	(10,916)
Drafid//load) for the week			
Profit/(loss) for the year		<u> </u>	
Other comprehensive income		_	_
•		<u> </u>	
Total comprehensive income for the year			

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

	As at		
		30 June 2023	30 June 2022
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	11	12,509	42,449
Receivables	13	8	1,198
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		27	8,028
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5	247,633	168,641
Margin accounts	-	-	849
Total assets	-	260,177	221,165
Liabilities			
Payables	14	511	31,933
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	15	5,453	11,822
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6	-	23,302
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unit holders)		5,964	67,057
Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability		254,213	154,108

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

	Year ended	
	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-
Other comprehensive income		
Total comprehensive income		
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners Total equity at the end of the financial year*	<u> </u>	

*Under Australian Accounting Standards, net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result, there was no equity at the start or end of the financial year.

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of cash flows

		Year ended	
		30 June 2023	30 June 2022
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or lo	SS	127,037	146,238
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit of	or loss	(228,687)	(108,269)
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)		1,425	1,061
Net movement in margin accounts		849	(619)
Interest income received from financial assets at fair value through profit or		7.045	44.400
loss		7,915	11,166
Distributions received		3,895	-
Other income received		125	-
Management fees and costs paid		(1,974)	(2,211)
Withholding taxes paid		- (517)	(1) (855)
Other expenses paid Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	12(a)	(89,932)	(855) 46,510
Net cash innow/(outnow) noin operating activities	12(a)	(09,932)	40,510
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unit holders		91,962	37,002
Payments for redemptions by unit holders		(31,867)	(47,398)
Distributions paid to unit holders		(26)	(7,468)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		60,069	(17,864)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(29,863)	28,646
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash		42,449	13,851
equivalents		(77)	(48)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	11	12,509	42,449
Non-cash operating and financing activities	12(b)	169,767	8,291

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the financial statements

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1 General information

These financial statements cover GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme which was constituted on 21 December 2011 and will terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution or by Law.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975) (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 1, 575 Bourke Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency unless otherwise noted.

The principal activity of the Fund is to generate returns by investing a majority of its assets into the GAM FCM Cat Bond Inc. (the "Master Fund"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"). The Master Fund's investment objective is to generate returns from exposure to a portfolio of Insurance Linked Securities ("ILS"). The Master Fund achieves this through investing its assets in an investment company incorporated in the BVI, GAM FCM Cat Bond Investments Inc (the "Investment Company"). The Investment Company directly invests in and holds a portfolio of global ILS, predominantly catastrophe bonds.

On 30 December 2022, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager of the Fund informed the unit holders of its intentions to change its existing structure to a feeder fund structure, feeding into the GAM FCM Cat Bond Inc, a British Virgin Island domiciled fund (the "Master Fund"), managed by Fermat Capital Management LLC.

On 31 January 2023, the Fund's Investments were transferred via an in specie transfer, to the Investment Company, in exchange for units in the Master Fund. The total in specie assets transferred to the Master Fund included securities \$(163,190,571), term loans \$(12,516) and cash \$(16,701,015). In return, all three currency classes, GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund - IU Class \$(97,372,713), GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund - IA Class \$(55,096,928) and GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund - INZ Class \$(27,434,461), received units in the Master Fund.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date the Directors' declaration was signed. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities and net assets attributable to unit holders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unit holders', the units are redeemable on demand at the unit holder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2022 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

(iii) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2023 and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements.

None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its financial assets based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Investment Manager to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

For unit trusts and derivatives, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For debt securities, the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, however they are neither held for collecting contractual cash flows nor for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, the debt securities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For cash and cash equivalents, receivables, due from brokers - receivables for securities sold and margin accounts, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows. The contractual terms of these assets give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

• Financial liabilities

Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (due to brokers, payable for securities purchased, interest payable, management fees and costs payable, redemptions payable, withholding tax payable and other payables).

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Recognition and derecognition (continued)

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

(iii) Measurement

• Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset and a financial liability at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined please see Note 4 to the financial statements.

• Financial instruments at amortised cost

For financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost, they are initially measured at fair value including directly attributable costs and are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, due from brokers, payables, due to brokers and margin accounts are carried at amortised cost.

(iv) Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements

Reverse repurchase agreements

Under reverse repurchase agreements, the Fund sells securities that it holds with an agreement to repurchase the same security at an agreed upon price and date. Securities sold under reverse repurchase agreements are reflected as a financial liability. Interest payments are recorded as a component of interest expense. The Fund may receive a fee for use of the security by the counterparty, which may result in interest income to the Fund.

A reverse repurchase agreement involves the risk that the market value of the security sold by a Fund may decline below the repurchase price of the security. The Fund segregates assets determined to be liquid or otherwise covers its obligations under reverse repurchase agreements.

(v) Impairment

At each reporting date, the Fund shall estimate a loss allowance on each of the financial assets carried at amortised cost (cash and cash equivalents, receivables, due from brokers and margin accounts) at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that the asset is credit impaired. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the net carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(v) Impairment (continued)

The expected credit loss (ECL) approach is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

(vi) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

As at the end of the reporting period, there are no financial assets or liabilities offset or with the right to offset in the statement of financial position.

(c) Net assets attributable to unit holders

Units are redeemable at the unit holders' option; however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unit holders.

The units are classified as financial liabilities as the Fund is required to distribute its distributable income in accordance with the Fund's constitution.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to unit holders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as trading of these securities represents the Fund's main income generating activity.

(e) Margin accounts

Margin accounts comprise of cash held as collateral for derivative transactions and insurance linked bonds. The cash is held by the broker and is only available to meet margin calls. It is not included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

(f) Investment income

(i) Interest income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate and includes interest from debt securities measured at fair value through the profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is also recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Changes in fair value of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

(g) Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

Management fees and costs covers certain ordinary expenses such as Responsible Entity fees, investment management fees, custodian fees, and administration and audit fees.

(h) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it distributes the entirety of its taxable income to its unit holders on present entitlement basis.

The Fund currently incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income or gains are recorded gross of withholding taxes in the statement of comprehensive income. Withholding taxes are included in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

(i) Distributions

The Fund distributes its distributable income, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, to unit holders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unit holders.

(j) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unit holders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. As the Fund's units are classified as financial liabilities, movements in net assets attributable to unit holders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs.

(k) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Balances included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

The Fund does not isolate that portion of unrealised gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Such fluctuations are included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(I) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and is recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(m) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest, GST and trust distributions. Trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Where applicable, interest is accrued on a daily basis. Amounts are generally received within 30-90 days of being recorded as receivables.

(n) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owed by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

A separate distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unit holders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested effective 1 July of the following financial year.

(o) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

(p) Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as management, administration and custodian services where applicable, have been passed on to the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 55%. Hence, fees for these services and any other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Amounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

(q) Use of estimates and judgements

The Fund makes estimates, assumptions and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current and next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Fund estimates that the resultant expected credit loss (ECL) derived from using impairment model, has not materially impacted the Fund. Please see Note 3 for more information on credit risk.

For more information on how fair value is calculated refer to Note 4 to the financial statements.

(r) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument* 2016/191 relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

(s) Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

3 Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk (which incorporates price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and the investment guidelines of the Fund. It also seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance. The Fund's policy allows it to use derivative financial instruments in managing its financial risks.

All investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum loss of capital on international interest bearing securities, term loans, reverse repurchase agreements and unlisted unit trusts is limited to the fair value of those positions. The maximum loss of capital on long forward currency contracts and forward currency contracts sold short is limited to the notional contract values of those positions.

The investments of the Fund, and associated risks, are managed by a specialist Investment Manager, Fermat Capital Management LLC ("Fermat"), under an Investment Management Agreement ("IMA") approved by the Responsible Entity, and containing the investment strategy and guidelines of the Fund, consistent with those stated in the Product Disclosure Statement.

The Fund seeks to generate returns by investing in a portfolio of ILS with potentially global exposure, predominantly catastrophe bonds. The Fund pursues its investment objective by investing all of its assets into the Master Fund.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below.

(a) Market risk

(i) Price risk

The Fund is exposed to price risk on its investments in the Master Fund. Price risk from investments held by the Fund is due to the unpredictability of natural catastrophes which, when they occur, can cause short term unrealised losses (price decrease) and ultimately partial or total realised losses of principal. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates which are considered a component of price risk.

The Fund has a significant concentration of risk arising from its exclusive investment in the Master Fund. As at 30 June 2023, the Fund's investment in the Master Fund represents 100% of the Fund's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Fermat Capital Management LLC manages price risk for the Fund's investment in the Master Fund through a diversified selection of individual securities held in the Master Fund that have, for example, different triggering mechanisms, different catastrophe exposures, or different issuers. This security selection is completed in line with the guidelines of the IMA. Risk exposure restrictions are:

- Under normal circumstances, maximum exposure to non-natural catastrophe risk instruments of 10% of the portfolio (at the time of purchase); and
- Under normal circumstances, maximum exposure to any single security of 10% of the portfolio (at the time of purchase).

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's assets and liabilities to price risk. The analysis is based on the reasonably possible shift that the investment portfolio in which the Fund invests moves by +/-15% (2022: +/-15%).

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund's objective is to invest in the USD denominated share class of the Master Fund and any of the Fund's non-USD share classes will therefore be directly exposed to foreign exchange risk. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of the non-USD share classes fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The Responsible Entity has appointed State Street Bank and Trust Company to undertake a foreign currency overlay program to execute foreign exchange hedging transactions aimed at minimising any currency exposure related to the Fund's non-USD share class investments in the Master Fund.

The Fund has an investment in the Master Fund at 30 June 2023. The Master Fund operates internationally and holds monetary and non-monetary assets denominated in a variety of currencies (USD, NZD, EUR, JPY, GBP). The foreign exchange risk related to the Master Fund's non-USD assets is managed by the Investment Manager using currency forwards.

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below summarises the fair value of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities, monetary and non-monetary, which are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

As at 30 June 2023	US Dollars A\$'000	New Zealand Dollars A\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	2,876	1,489
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	-	1
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	107,162	30,262
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased		(418)
Net exposure	110,038	31,334

Net exposure including forward currency contracts 110,038 31,334

As at 30 June 2022	US Dollars A\$'000	Euro A\$'000	Japanese Yen A\$'000	British Pounds A\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	2,127	-	-	11
Margin accounts	849	-	-	-
Receivables	1,055	19	25	3
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	9,923	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	163,275	1,199	3,430	737
Payables	(5)	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable from securities purchased	(14,209)	-	-	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(23,264)	(7)	(28)	(3)
Net exposure	139,751	1,211	3,427	748
Net increase/(decrease) in exposure from	(100.011)	<i>(, , , , ,)</i>		(= .= .
forward currency contracts	(133,614)	(1,214)	(3,440)	(747)
Net exposure including forward currency contracts	6,137	(3)	(13)	1

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's monetary assets and liabilities to foreign exchange risk. The analysis is based on the reasonably possible shift that the Australian dollar weakened and strengthened by +/-15% (2022: +/-10%) against the material foreign currencies to which the Fund is exposed.

(iii) Interest rate risk

The Fund has the objective to invest mainly in the Master Fund. The Master Fund's interest bearing financial instruments expose them to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The impact of interest rate risk on the profit and net assets attributable to unit holders is considered immaterial to the Fund.

The Fund holds cash for liquidity and transactional purposes and this cash is held at floating interest rates. As a result, the Fund is subject to a limited exposure to interest rate risks due to fluctuations in the levels of market interest rates.

There are no other significant interest risk exposures.

(b) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders to market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in foreign exchange rates and the historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market movements resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variances in the risk variables.

	Impact on operating profit/net assets attributable to unit holders Price risk		
	+15%	-15%	
	\$'000	\$'000	
As at 30 June 2023	37,145	(37,145)	
As at 30 June 2022	21,801	(21,801)	

	Foreign exchange risk					
	+15%	+15%	-15%			
	US Dollar \$'000	US Dollar \$'000	New Zealand Dollar \$'000	New Zealand Dollar \$'000	Japanese Yen \$'000	Japanese Yen \$'000
As at 30 June 2023	16,506	(16,506)	4,700	(4,700)	-	-
As at 30 June 2022	614	(614)	-	-	(1)	1

Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unit holders

(c) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay its obligations in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund.

The Fund does not have a significant concentration of credit risk that arises from an exposure to a single counterparty or group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from investments in the Investment Company through the Master Fund, cash and cash equivalents and amounts receivables from the Master Fund balances. The Investment Manager aims to manage the impact of credit risk arising from the Investment Company's investments through the use of consistent and carefully considered investment guidelines. None of these assets are impaired nor past their due date. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying of these balances at the reporting date.

The Fund determines credit risk and measures expected credit losses for financial assets measured at amortised cost using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. At 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022, all receivables, amounts due from brokers, cash and short-term deposits are held with counterparties with a credit rating of AA- or higher. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

The Fund manages credit risk in line with the requirements of the IMA as follows:

(c) Credit risk (continued)

(i) Catastrophe bonds

For catastrophe bonds, counterparty credit risk is mitigated through the use of collateral trust accounts that are managed by third parties and are subject to restrictive investment guidelines. Further, trust account holdings and third party managers are monitored on a periodic basis.

(ii) Other forms of ILS

For other forms of ILS such as private notes or similar instruments, counterparty risk is managed through the use of segregated trust accounts along with periodic monitoring of collateral accounts and counterparties.

(iii) Derivative financial instruments

For derivative financial instruments, State Street Bank and Trust Company as Currency Manager, has established daily derivatives trading limits such that transactions only take place with participants of the Australian Securities Exchange in accordance with their Derivatives Policy and Derivatives Risk Statement.

(iv) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are generally held for trading and cash flow management purposes only at a usual level of not greater than 10% of the Fund. Cash is held as deposits with the Fund's Custodian.

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all counterparties have a rating of at least AA- (2022: at least AA-) (as determined by Standard and Poor's).

(v) Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements

The Fund may engage in ILS repurchase transactions. Under the terms of an ILS repurchase agreement, the Fund will sell an ILS, subject to an obligation to repurchase, and the counterparty an obligation to resell at an agreed upon price and time. The underlying securities for all repurchase agreements are held in safekeeping at the counterparty. The market value of the collateral must be equal to or exceed the total amount of the repurchase obligations, including interest. Securities sold under repurchase agreements are reflected as an asset in the statement of financial position. The counterparty to the outstanding repurchase agreements at the Master Fund as at 30 June 2023 was JPMorgan Securities plc with a rating of A+ (30 June 2022, was JPMorgan Securities plc with a rating of A+).

(vi) Other

The Fund is not materially exposed to credit risk on other financial assets.

(vii) Maximum exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at the end of each reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund's main exposure to liquidity risk arises from the requirement to meet monthly unit holders' redemption requests. While the withdrawal procedures are designed to minimise negative impacts on the Fund's NAV, the Fund may suffer losses due to withdrawals that are not compensated by the buy/sell spread. The Investment Manager monitors and manages the level of liquidity in the Fund.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders. The Fund did not reject or withhold any redemptions during 2023 and 2022.

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

The Fund is exposed to indirect liquidity risk via its investment in the Master Fund. The Master Fund invests in a diversified portfolio of ILS with global exposure, predominantly catastrophe bonds, forward currency contracts, other related derivatives and cash some of which may not be readily saleable. The Fund manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash balances to meet its obligations.

(i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

All non-derivative financial liabilities of the Fund in the current period have maturities of less than 1 month. Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holder's option. However, the Responsible Entity does not envisage that the contractual maturity will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

(ii) Maturities of net settled derivative financial instruments

The table below analyses the Fund's net settled derivative financial instruments based on their contractual maturity. The Fund may, at its discretion, settle financial instruments prior to their original contractual settlement date, in accordance with its investment strategy, where permitted by the terms and conditions of the relevant instruments.

The Fund did not hold any derivative financial instruments as at 30 June 2023.

	Less than 1 month	1-6 months	6-12 months	Over 12 months	Non- stated maturity	Total
As at 30 June 2022	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Net settled derivatives Forward currency contracts Total net settled derivatives		<u>(1,142)</u> (1,142)				<u>(1,142)</u> (1,142)

4 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (see Note 5 and Note 6)
- Derivative financial instruments (see Note 7)

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

(a) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. These include catastrophe bonds and over-the-counter derivatives.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

Investments in the Master Fund is recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such funds. The Fund may make adjustments to the value based on considerations such as: liquidity of the Master Fund or its underlying investments, the value date of the net asset value provided, or any restrictions on redemptions and the basis of accounting.

The Fund's investment in the Master Fund is recorded at the net asset value per unit as reported by Fermat Capital Management LLC, the manager of the Master Fund. The Fund makes adjustments to the redemption value based on considerations such as the liquidity of the unit trust or its underlying investment, or any restrictions on redemptions and the basis of accounting.

(b) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 3)

Investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they are infrequently traded or not at all. When observable prices are not available for these securities, the Investment Manager uses one or more valuation techniques (e.g. the market approach, the income approach) for which sufficient and reliable data is available. Within level 3, the use of the market approach generally consists of using comparable market transactions, while the use of the income approach generally consists of the net present value of estimated future cash flows, adjusted as appropriate for liquidity, credit, market and/or other risk factors.

For further information on valuation processes, please refer to Note 4(e) to the financial statements.

(c) Recognised fair value measurements

The table below presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022.

As at 30 June 2023	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets				
Unit trusts	<u> </u>	247,633		247,633
Total financial assets	<u> </u>	247,633	<u> </u>	247,633
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As at 30 June 2022	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets				
Forward currency contracts	-	1,470	-	1,470
International interest bearing securities	-	122,416	39,708	162,124
Term loans			5,047	5,047
Total financial assets	<u> </u>	123,886	44,755	168,641
Financial liabilities				
Forward currency contracts	-	2,612	-	2,612
Reverse repurchase agreement		20,690	<u> </u>	20,690
Total financial liabilities	<u> </u>	23,302		23,302

Term loans invested in by the Fund are corporate bonds that are issued by insurance companies. The insurance company gets the capital it needs and in return, the Fund is paid interest on the investment. Similar to the other level 3 private deals, a third party broker price is received for all term loans held by the Fund. Unlike the other private deals, these typically have a maturity of 3 to 7 years.

The investments included in Level 3 of the hierarchy are the private deal investments that are conceptually similar to catastrophe bonds, but are structured as a preferred share investment in a special purpose vehicle ("SPV") and which was fair valued with reference to third party price from the broker. The SPV enters into a reinsurance contract with a protection buyer ("Cedent"), usually an insurance or reinsurance company. The investor posts collateral into a trust account and this collateral can be claimed by the Cedent if a qualifying natural catastrophe occurs. The preferred shares pay a fixed dividend similar to an insurance premium or a catastrophe bond coupon payment and at maturity, if there are no events, the posted collateral is returned to the investor. These are typically 12-month investments.

(d) Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period.

(e) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The following table presents the movement in level 3 instruments for the year ended 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022 by class of financial instrument.

	International interest bearing securities \$'000
Opening balance - 1 July 2021	47,815
Purchases	31,883
Sales	(38,606)
Gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	3,663
Closing balance - 30 June 2022*	44,755
Purchases	26
Sales	(11,901)
Gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	(5,920)
In-specie transfer out	(26,960)
Closing balance - 30 June 2023*	<u> </u>

*Includes unrealised gains or (losses) recognised in profit or loss attributable to balances held at the end of the reporting period

(e) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (continued)

(i) Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in the level 3 fair value measurements. See below for the valuation processes adopted.

The Fund did not hold any level 3 instruments as at 30 June 2023.

Description	Fair value \$'000	Unobservable inputs	Range of inputs (probability- weighted average)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
As at 30 June 2022				
International interest bearing securities	39,708	Third party p (indicative) fr the broker*		Direct
Term loans	5,047	Third party p (indicative) fr the broker*		Direct
	5,047		IN/A	Direct

* For these investments, the Investment Manager receives a single broker price for the actual instrument.

However the price is indicative and comes from a single source. When reviewing the broker price for reasonableness, the Investment Manager considers the following:

- the absence or presence of catastrophes that would directly impact the investment

- whether the market spread tightened or widened

- whether there are any issues with the underlying collateral

- the impact of seasonality for hurricane-exposed bonds.

There were no significant inter-relationships between unobservable inputs that materially affect fair values.

(ii) Valuation processes

The Fund is invested in shares of GAM FCM Cat Bond Fund ("Master") as part of a master feeder structure. The Master Fund subsequently invests in GAM FCM Cat Bond Investments (the "Investment Fund"). The Investment Fund primarily invests in fixed income securities, consisting predominantly of catastrophe bonds. Fixed income that are not listed on a national securities exchange but for which external pricing sources (such as dealer quotes or independent pricing services) are available, are stated at their estimated fair value. The values assigned by the Investment Manager to the fixed income are determined in good faith and are based on information from external pricing sources and are applied on a consistent basis. In rare cases where recent trading activity or other information may not, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, be reflected in pricing obtained from external sources, the Investment Manager may arrive at estimated fair value via adjusting external pricing in consideration of such information. Long positions will be marked on the bid side subject to the Investment Manager's discretion to mark such positions differently if and when deemed appropriate.

In the event that there is no prevailing market price for a particular security, the Investment Manager's Investment Committee will convene to discuss the most reasonable method to value the portfolio holding. The Investment Manager will then consult with the Fund's Administrator to determine the most reasonable valuation for the security in question.

If there is no catastrophe event, or trigger event, before the maturity date of the contract, investors will receive back their principal investment at maturity on top of the interest payments they have received.

(f) Financial instruments not carried at fair value

The financial instruments not measured at fair value through profit or loss include:

(f) Financial instruments not carried at fair value (continued)

i. Cash and cash equivalents, balances due from/to brokers and receivables/payables under sale and repurchase agreements. These are short-term financial assets and financial liabilities whose carrying approximate fair value, because of their short-term nature and the high credit quality of counterparties; and

ii. Net assets attributable to unit holders, as the Fund routinely redeems and issues units at an amount equal to the proportionate share of the Fund's net assets at the time of redemption, calculated on a basis consistent with that used in these financial statements. Accordingly, the carrying amounts of net assets attributable to unitholders approximates their fair value. Any difference is not material in the current year or prior year.

5 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at		
	30 June 2023		
	\$'000	\$'000	
Derivatives	-	1,470	
Unit trusts	247,633	-	
International interest bearing securities	-	162,124	
Term loans	<u> </u>	5,047	
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	247,633	168,641	

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements.

6 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	As at		
	30 June 2023	30 June 2022	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Derivatives	-	2,612	
Reverse repurchase agreements		20,690	
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	<u> </u>	23,302	

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements.

7 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

7 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values, foreign exchange risk or to reduce volatility;
- a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

The Fund did not hold any derivative financial instruments as at 30 June 2023. As at 30 June 2022, the Fund held the following derivatives:

Forward currency contracts

Forward currency contracts are primarily used by the Fund to economically hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-Australian dollar denominated trading securities. The Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Forward currency contracts are valued at the prevailing bid price at the end of each reporting period. The Fund recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the end of each reporting period.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments measured at fair value at year end are detailed below: As at 30 June 2022

	Contractual/ notional	Assets	Liabilities
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Forward currency contracts	210,915	1,470	2,612
Total derivatives	210,915	1,470	2,612

Information about the Fund's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair values is provided in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of derivative financial instruments disclosed above.

8 Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangement.

The Fund considers all investments in the Master Fund to be structured entities. The Fund has the objective to invest in the Master Fund for the purpose of capital appreciation and/or earning investment income.

The exposure to investments in the Master Fund at fair value is disclosed in the following table:

Fair value of investment				
30 June 2023 30 June 2022				
\$'000	\$'000			

GAM FCM Cat Bond Inc.

247,633

8 Structured entities (continued)

The fair value of the Schemes is included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the statement of financial position.

The Fund's maximum exposure to loss from its interest in the Schemes is equal to the fair value of its investments in the Master Fund as there are no off-balance sheet exposures relating to any of the Master Fund. Once the Fund has disposed of its units in the Master Fund, it ceases to be exposed to any risk from the Master Fund.

During the year ended 30 June 2023, total gains/(losses) incurred on investments in the Master Fund were \$15,194,964 (30 June 2022: nil). The Fund earned \$3,895,670 (30 June 2022: nil) distribution income from the Master Fund during the year.

9 Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability

The Fund's units are classified as a liability as they do not meet the definition of a financial instrument to be classified as equity.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unit holders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended				
	30 June 2023	30 June 2023	30 June 2022	30 June 2022	
	Units '000	\$'000	Units '000	\$'000	
FCMILS-A					
Opening balance	17,622	20,162	17,510	19,496	
Redemptions	(432)	(473)	(1,045)	(1,186)	
Reinvestment of distributions	-	-	1,157	1,288	
Switch in/(out) between classes	(6,089)	(6,421)	-	-	
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	-	(512)	-	564	
Closing balance	11,101	12,756	17,622	20,162	
FCMILS					
Opening balance	7,816	9,024	72,905	81,502	
Applications	35,395	40,000	-	-	
Redemptions	-	-	(65,089)	(75,000)	
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	-	1,184	-	2,522	
Closing balance	43,211	50,208	7,816	9,024	
FCMILS-W LEAD					
Opening balance	1,684	1,982	1,695	1,942	
Applications	461	500	22	25	
Redemptions	-	-	(33)	(39)	
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit				_ ·	
holders	<u> </u>	52	<u> </u>	54	
Closing balance	2,145	2,534	1,684	1,982	

9 Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability (continued)

	Year ended			
	30 June 2023	30 June 2023	30 June 2022	30 June 2022
	Units '000	\$'000	Units '000	\$'000
FCMILS-V				
Opening balance	28,194	32,735	25,618	28,755
Reinvestment of distributions	21	23	2,576	2,892
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	<u> </u>	340	<u>-</u>	1,088
Closing balance	28,215	33,098	28,194	32,735
FCMILS-IA				
Opening balance	711	668	1,795	1,642
Applications	14,740	13,851	54	50
Redemptions	-	-	(1,200)	(1,128)
Reinvestment of distributions	-	-	62	56
Switch in/(out) between classes	(100)	(86)	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit		77		40
holders Closing balance	<u>-</u> 15,351	<u> </u>		<u>48</u> 668
	15,551	14,510	711	000
FCMILS-U				
Opening balance	52,670	74,115	33,940	42,502
Applications	21,755	29,700	15,492	20,449
Reinvestment of distributions	19	17	3,238	4,055
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders		5 055		7 100
Closing balance		<u>5,955</u> 109,787	52,670	<u>7,109</u> 74,115
	/4,444	109,101	52,070	74,115
FCMILS-INZ				
Opening balance	16,724	15,422	-	-
Applications	8,979	7,911	17,351	16,478
Redemptions	(225)	(199)	(627)	(587)
Reinvestment of distributions	17	17	-	-
Switch in/(out) between classes	7,439	6,507	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders		1,662	-	(469)
Closing balance	32,934	31,320	16,724	15,422
Closing balance	-	254,213	-	154,108

There are 7 separate classes of units (with the wholesale class having 7 series) and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units within its unit class. Except for different management fee rates, the 7 different classes have the same rights and restrictions.

Each series of units within the same class has the same rights as all other units within that class, except for different performance fees. In order to ensure that unit holders bear the performance fee according to the actual performance of their units, having regard to the different dates and prices at which such units were acquired, a new series of units is issued on each unit pricing date being every month end. As soon as practicable after a performance fee is payable, all units in all series with a performance fee payable will normally be consolidated into a single series.

9 Net assets attributable to unit holders - liability (continued)

Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holders' option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unit holders as capital, notwithstanding that net assets attributable to unit holders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a regular basis as the Fund is subject to monthly applications and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders.

Monthly applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a monthly basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders.

10 Distributions to unit holders

The distributions declared during the year were as follows:

	Year ended			
	30 June 2023	30 June 2023	30 June 2022	30 June 2022
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000	CPU
Distributions - FCMILS				
December	3	0.04		
Total distributions	3	0.04		
Distributions - FCMILS-W LEAD				
December*		0.02		
Total distributions		0.02	<u> </u>	
Distributions - FCMILS-V				
December	23	0.08		
Total distributions	23	0.08		
Distributions - FCMILS-U				
December	18	0.02		
Total distributions	18	0.02		
Distributions - FCMILS-INZ				
December	39	0.13		
Total distributions	39	0.13		
Total distributions	83			

* For 30 June 2023, distribution amount is \$352 and rounds to zero in thousand dollars.

There were no distributions declared for class FCMILS-A and class FCMILS-IA for the year ended 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022.

11 Cash and cash equivalents

·	As at		
	30 June 2023 \$'000	30 June 2022 \$'000	
Cash at bank	12,509	42,449	
Total cash and cash equivalents	12,509	42,449	

12 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended	
	30 June 2023	30 June 2022
	\$'000	\$'000
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unit holders	8,758	10,916
Distributions to unit holders	83	-
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	127,037	146,238
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(228,687)	(108,269)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	1,984	(1,006)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	77	48
Net interest bought/(sold)	(996)	(347)
Net change in margin accounts	849	(619)
Net change in receivables	1,190	102
Net change in payables	(227)	<u>(553</u>)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(89,932)	46,510
(b) Non-cash operating and financing activities		
The following purchase of financial instruments were satisfied by the in-specie transfer of assets to the Investment Company	163,203	-
The following distribution payments to unit holders were satisfied by the issue	67	0.004
of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	57	8,291
Switch in/(out) between classes	6,507	-
Total non-cash operating and financing activities	169,767	8,291

As described in Note 2(j), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unit holders. The change in this amount for the year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable.

13 Receivables

	As	As at		
	30 June 2023	30 June 2022		
	\$'000	\$'000		
Interest receivable	-	1,102		
GST receivable	8	78		
Other receivables	<u> </u>	18		
Total receivables	8	1,198		

14 Payables

	As at		
	30 June 2023		
	\$'000	\$'000	
Interest payable	-	133	
Management fees and costs payable	483	208	
Redemptions payable	27	31,222	
Withholding tax payable	-	1	
Other payables	1	369	
Total payables	511	31,933	

15 Due to brokers

After the restructure of its investment operations and strategy on 1 February 2023, the Fund did not hold any interest bearing securities and did not receive any cash in advance. As at 30 June 2022, the Fund received cash in advance totalling \$11,821,750 for interest bearing securities which matured before the end of the reporting period, however were subject to an extended loss development period. The extended loss development period is the period after the maturity date of the security whereby claims resulting from an event that occurred prior to the maturity date can be filed and verified. Given the remote nature of the risk of the potential losses in the period, it was agreed that interest bearing securities to the value of \$11,821,750 were used as collateral for the cash advance. In the event where no additional claims were made, the bond collateral was returned to the Fund. The matured securities were recorded in amounts due from brokers and the cash in advance amounts are recorded in due to brokers.

16 Remuneration of auditors

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditors of the Fund:

	Year ended		
	30 June 2023	30 June 2022	
	\$	\$	
Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu			
Audit and other assurance services			
Audit of financial statements	35,062	22,680	
Total auditor remuneration and other assurance services	35,062	22,680	
Taxation services			
Tax compliance services	9,708	7,288	
Total remuneration for taxation services	9,708	7,288	
Total remuneration of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu	44,770	29,968	
PricewaterhouseCoopers			
Audit and other assurance services			
Audit of compliance plan	2,346	2,342	
Total auditor remuneration and other assurance services	2,346	2,342	
Total remuneration of PricewaterhouseCoopers	2,346	2,342	

The auditors' remuneration is borne by the Fund. Fees are stated exclusive of GST.

17 Related party transactions

The Responsible Entity of GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975). Accordingly, transactions with entities related to Equity Trustees Limited are disclosed below.

The Responsible Entity has contracted services to Fermat Capital Management LLC to act as Investment Manager, GAM International Management Limited to act as Distributor, State Street Australia Limited to act as Specialist Currency Manager, Custodian, Administrator and Registrar for the Fund. The contracts are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

(a) Key management personnel

(i) Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were directors of Equity Trustees Limited at any time during or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report.

Philip D Gentry	Chairman
Michael J O'Brien	
Russell W Beasley	
Mary A O'Connor	
David B Warren	(appointed 6 March 2023)

(ii) Responsible Entity

Other than fees paid to the Responsible Entity, there were no other transactions.

17 Related party transactions (continued)

(a) Key management personnel (continued)

(iii) Other key management personnel

There were no other key management personnel with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

(b) Transactions with key management personnel

There were no transactions with key management personnel during the reporting period.

(c) Key management personnel unit holdings

Key management personnel did not hold units in the Fund as at 30 June 2023 (30 June 2022: nil).

(d) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by EQT Services Pty Ltd. Payments made from the Fund to Equity Trustees Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

(e) Key management personnel loans

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

(f) Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving management personnel's interests existing at year end.

(g) Responsible Entity fees, Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

The transactions during the year and amounts payable as at year end between the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	Year ended		
	30 June 30 2023 2		
	\$	\$	
Management fees for the year	2,011,995	2,000,659	
Responsible Entity fees for the year	62,297	82,044	
Management fees payable at year end	483,479	207,664	

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution and Product Disclosure Statement, management fees and costs includes responsible entity fees paid to the Responsible Entity, management fees paid to the Investment Manager and other costs (such as custody fees, administration fees and audit fees) paid to other unrelated parties. Please refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement for information on how management fees and costs are calculated.

Distributions

17 Related party transactions (continued)

(h) Related party unit holdings

Parties related to the Fund (including Equity Trustees Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by Equity Trustees Limited and the Investment Manager) hold units in the Fund, as follows:

Unit holder As at 30 June 2023	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Fair value of investment \$	Interest held %	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund \$
FCM Cat Fund Australia	28,194,618	28,215,994	33,097,361	13.02%	21,376	-	23,176

Unit holder As at 30 June 2022	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Fair value of investment \$	Interest held %	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund \$
FCM Cat Fund Australia	25,618,461	28,194,618	32,708,576	21.22%	2,576,157	-	-

(i) Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Equity Trustees Limited or its related parties during the year (30 June 2022: nil).

18 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the year which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

19 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There were no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) The financial statements and notes set out on pages 7 to 36 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.

Philip D Gentry Chairman

Melbourne 24 October 2023

Deloitte.

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders of GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of GAM FCM ILS Yield Fund (the "Fund") which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional* Accountants *(including Independence Standards)* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Responsible Entity of the Fund (the "Directors"), would be in the same terms if given to Directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2023, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors determine is

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necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Fund to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate
 to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher
 than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU

Jon Corbett Partner Chartered Accountants

Melbourne, 24 October 2023